

**RESOLUTION NO. 9-0921**

**WHEREAS**, the Iowa County Circuit Court Judge is required to create a Condemnation Commission under Wisconsin Statutes 32.08; and

**WHEREAS** , Wisconsin Statute 32.08(4) denotes that Commissioners shall receive no salary but shall be compensated for actual service at an hourly rate to be fixed by the County Board of the county; and

**WHEREAS** , Wisconsin Statute 32.08(4) denotes that all Commissioners shall receive mileage at a rate fixed by the County Board for necessary and direct round trip travel from their homes to the place where the Condemnation Commission conducts its hearings.

**NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** by the Iowa County Board of Supervisors that Iowa County's hereby establishes a Condemnation Commission of six commissioners to be appointed on staggered terms by the Circuit Court Judge as described in Wisconsin Statute 32.08.

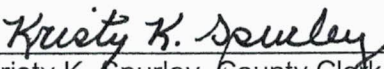
**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that said Condemnation Commission shall be compensated at a rate of twelve dollars (\$12) per hour, receive mileage to and from their home, and shall be reimbursed for costs, including meals, associated with Commission meetings.

Adopted this 21<sup>st</sup> day of September, 2021

The above and foregoing Resolution was duly adopted by the Iowa County Board of Supervisors this 21<sup>st</sup> day of September, 2021.

  
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John M. Meyers, Iowa County Board Chair

ATTEST:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Kristy K. Spurley, County Clerk



property subject to the petition and to automatically discharge any lis pendens filed in relation to the condemnation of the property.

(c) An order issued under par. (b) shall direct that:

1. The public utility return the petitioner's ownership interest in the property.

2. The public utility remove any lien or other encumbrance that may have accrued or been assessed since acquisition by the public utility.

3. The petitioner pay to the public utility the fair market value of the property returned to the petitioner under the order, which fair market value shall be determined under a method prescribed by the court.

4. The public utility pay its prorated share of any real estate and ad valorem taxes due on the date of the order.

5. If requested by the petitioner, the public utility pay for all costs for return of property to a reasonable topographic configuration or the condition the property was in at the time the public utility first acquired the property, as established by the court and subject to applicable land use restrictions.

6. The public utility remove from the property, at the option of the petitioner but at no expense or inconvenience to the petitioner, all buildings, equipment and other materials placed on the property by the public utility.

(d) In an order issued under par. (b), the court may award the petitioner court costs and reasonable attorney fees and may include in the order any other terms that it deems just and reasonable.

**History:** 1979 c. 110; 1983 a. 236 s. 12; 1983 a. 338, 538; 1993 a. 496; 1997 a. 204; 2005 a. 387.

**32.08 Commissioner of condemnation.** (1) The office of commissioner of condemnation is created. In counties having a population of less than 100,000 there shall be 6 commissioners; in counties having a population of 100,000 or more and less than 500,000 there shall be 9 commissioners; in counties having a population of 500,000 or more there shall be 12 commissioners. Each such commissioner must be a resident of the county or of an adjoining county in the same judicial circuit prior to appointment and remain so during the term of office. Not more than one-third of such commissioners shall be attorneys at law, licensed for active practice in this state.

(2) Such commissioners shall be appointed by the circuit judge or judges of the circuit court for such county and may be removed by said judge or judges at their pleasure. Where any county has more than one circuit judge, the affirmative vote of a majority of such judges shall be necessary to an appointment or a removal. All appointments and removals shall be filed with the clerk of the circuit court for the county. Each commissioner shall take and file the official oath. The first appointments after April 6, 1960 shall be made for staggered terms of 1, 2 and 3 years as fixed by the circuit judge. Thereafter all appointments shall be made for 3-year terms. Vacancies shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term.

(3) The commissioners in each county shall annually elect one of their number as chairperson, and the chairperson shall select and notify the commissioners to serve on each commission of 3 required to sit in condemnation.

(4) Commissioners shall receive no salary but shall be compensated for actual service at an hourly rate to be fixed by the county board of the county. Commissioners shall also receive mileage at a rate fixed by the county board for necessary and direct round trip travel from their homes to the place where the condemnation commission conducts its hearings. The chairperson of the county commission shall receive such reasonable sum, computed at the hourly rate as fixed by the county board, as shall be allowed by the circuit judge having jurisdiction over the hearing, for his or her administrative work in selecting and notifying the commissioners to serve in the condemnation hearing and his or her necessary out-of-pocket expenses in connection with the

hearing. All such compensation and expenses shall be paid by the condemnor on order approved by the circuit judge.

(5) If the petitioner under s. 32.06 is entitled to condemn the property or any portion of it or interest therein, the circuit judge having jurisdiction of the petition, or to whom an application for county commissioner of condemnation review is taken from a highway taking award, shall assign the matter to the chairperson of the county condemnation commissioners who shall within 7 days select 3 of the commissioners to serve as a commission to ascertain the compensation to be made for the taking of the property or rights in property sought to be condemned, fix the time and place of the hearing before the commission, which time shall not be less than 20 nor more than 30 days after the assignment date, and notify the parties in interest thereof. The judge's order of assignment shall be accompanied by a copy of the petition for condemnation. Notice shall be given to each interested person or, where the persons have appeared in the proceeding by an attorney then to the attorney, by certified mail with return receipt requested, postmarked at least 10 days prior to the date of hearing. If any party cannot be found and has not appeared in the proceedings, a class 3 notice shall be published, under ch. 985, in the community which the chairperson of the condemnation commission directs. Costs of notification shall be paid by the petitioner upon certification by the commission chairperson.

(6) (a) At the hearing the commissioners shall first view the property sought to be condemned and then hear all evidence desired to be produced. The condemnee shall present his or her testimony first and have the right to close. Except as provided in s. 901.05, in conducting the hearing the commission shall not be bound by common law or statutory rules of evidence. The commission shall admit all testimony having reasonable probative value, but shall exclude immaterial, irrelevant and unduly repetitious testimony. The amount of a prior jurisdictional offer or award shall not be disclosed to the commission. The commission shall give effect to the rules of privilege recognized by law. Basic principles of relevancy, materiality and probative force, as recognized in equitable proceedings, shall govern the proof of all questions of fact. The commission may on its own motion adjourn the hearing once for not more than 7 days, but may by stipulation of all parties grant other adjournments. A majority of the commissioners, being present, may determine all matters.

(b) If either party desires that the proceedings by the commission be transcribed, the commission may order the same and the applicant shall pay the cost thereof. Within 10 days after the conclusion of such hearing the commission shall make a written award specifying therein the property taken and the compensation, and file such award with the clerk of the circuit court, who shall cause a copy thereof to be mailed to each party in interest and record the original in the judgment record of such court. The commission shall file with the clerk of the court a sworn voucher for the compensation due each member, which sum, upon approval by the circuit judge, shall be paid by the condemnor.

**History:** 1977 c. 449; 1983 a. 302 s. 8; 1991 a. 269, 316; 1993 a. 184.

The failure of a condemnation commission to file its award within 10 days did not deprive it of jurisdiction. *Herro v. Natural Resources Board*, 53 Wis. 2d 157, 192 N.W.2d 104 (1971).

The 60-day period under s. 32.05 (10) (a) for appealing a condemnation commission award begins to run when the commission has filed its award with the circuit court clerk and the clerk has mailed and recorded the award under sub. (6) (b). *Dairyland Fuels, Inc. v. State*, 2000 WI App 129, 237 Wis. 2d 467, 614 N.W.2d 829, 99-1296.

**32.09 Rules governing determination of just compensation.** In all matters involving the determination of just compensation in eminent domain proceedings, the following rules shall be followed:

(1) The compensation so determined and the status of the property under condemnation for the purpose of determining whether severance damages exist shall be as of the date of evaluation as fixed by s. 32.05 (7) (c) or 32.06 (7).

(1m) As a basis for determining value, a commission in condemnation or a court may consider the price and other terms and